

Impact of Science 14-15 June 2018, Ottawa

MacDonald Room, 11.30-12.45

Research policy & strategy

Toby Smith (Chair) Kennan Salinero Christian Kobsda



Research policy & strategy

Toby Smith

Vice President Policy, American Association of Universities (AAU)

HOW CAN (RESEARCH) MANAGEMENT ADJUST POLICY AND STRATEGY TO HELP RESEARCHERS AND STIMULATE IMPACT?

Tobin L. Smith, Association of American Universities

Impact of Science 2018

Ottawa, Canada

15 June 2018

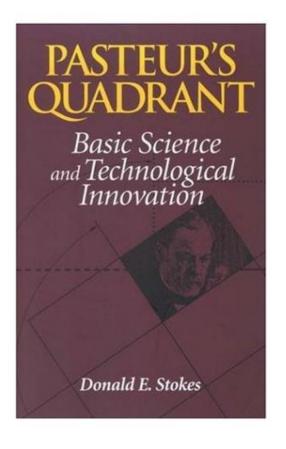


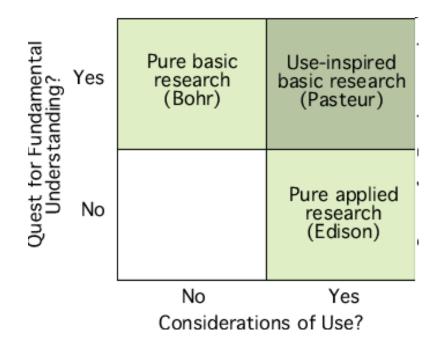
Post World War II S&T Policy Based Upon the Linear Model





Pasteur's Quadrant

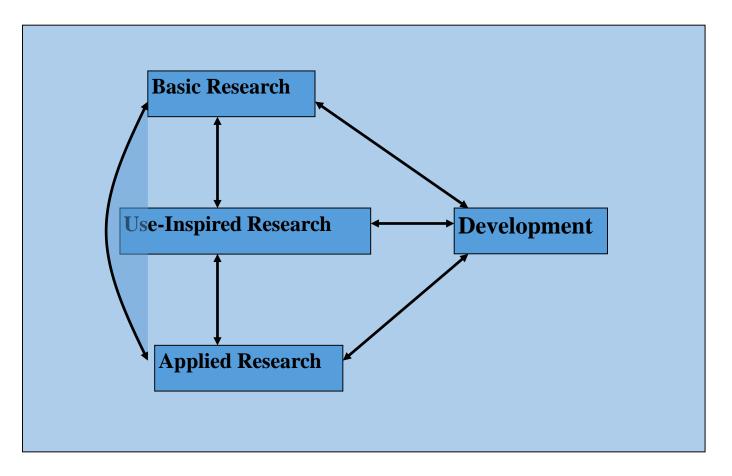




Adapted from Donald E. Stokes, *Pasteur's Quadrant: Basic Science and Technological Innovation* (Washington, DC: Brookings Institution Press, 1997), figure 3-5.



A Dynamic and Parallel Model of Research and Innovation



Neal, Smith, McCormick, Beyond Sputnik: National Science Policy in the 21st Century, (Ann Arbor, Michigan; University of Michigan Press, 2008), figure 1.3.

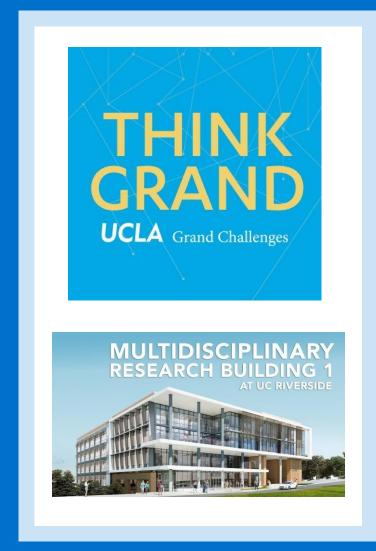






Organizing Research to Increase Impact

- DARPA Model
- HIBAR
- Grand Challenges
- Multidisciplinary Research Centers
- Open Science







How Can Scientists Increase Impact

- Improved Science
 Communications
- Increased Engagement
- Community Outreach and Extension Programs
- Broader Impacts of Science

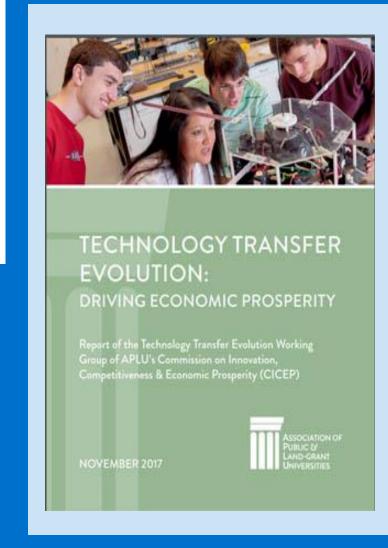






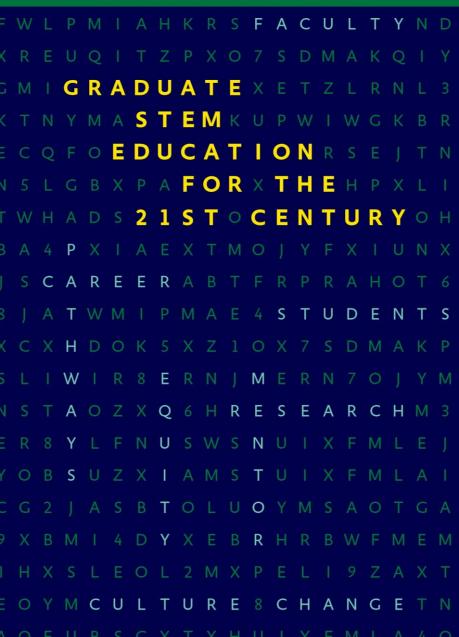
Leveraging Knowledge

- Tech Transfer
- Knowledge Transfer
- Value of Social Science





CONSENSUS STUDY REPORT



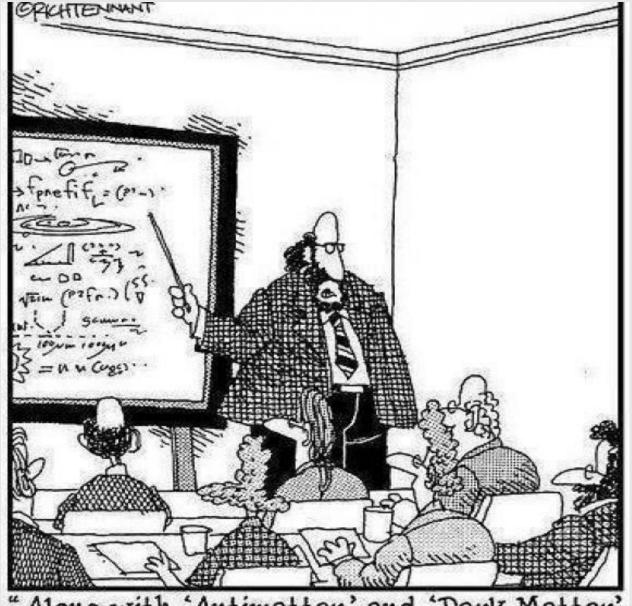
Changing How We Train Scientists Can Increase Impact

- Graduate training needs to become more student centered
- Faculty need to move beyond trying to replicate themselves
- Need more training in communication, management, leadership, etc.
- Career outcome data needs to be transparent



HOW WE COMMUNICATE IMPACT MATTERS





Along with 'Antimatter,' and 'Dark Matter,' we've recently discovered the existence of 'Doesn't Matter,' which appears to have no effect on the universe whatsoever."



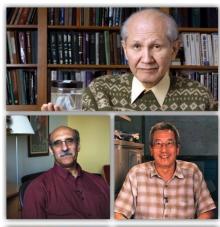
Tell Better Stories

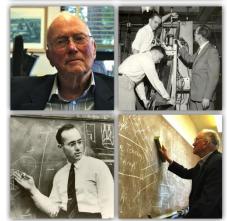
Tell me a fact, and I'll learn. Tell me a truth, and I'll believe, but tell me a story and it will live in my heart forever.

--Indian Proverb





















The research of 154 **UK universities was assessed**



They made 1,911 submissions including:

- 52,061 academic staff
- 191,150 research outputs
- 6,975 impact case studies

The overall quality of submissions was judged, on average to be:



30% world-leading (4*)



46% internationally excellent (3*)



20% recognised internationally (2*)

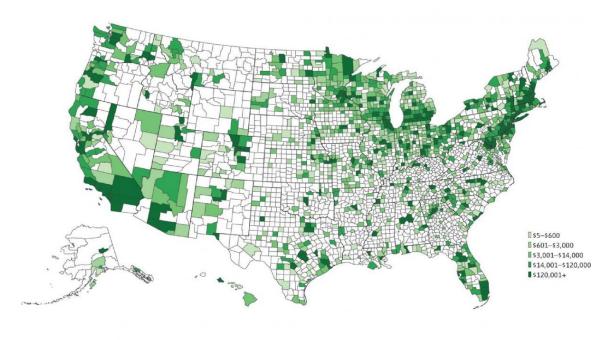


3% recognised nationally (1*)

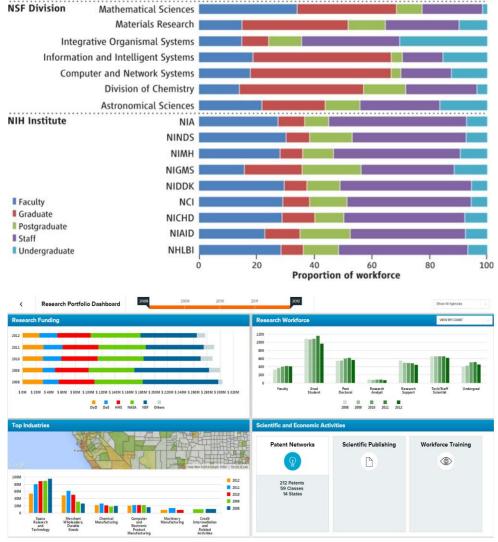


Better Data – UMETRICS

The geographic distribution of vendor and subaward expenditures.



Weinbert, B., J. Owen-Smith, R. Rosen, L. Schwarz, B. McFadden Allen, R. Weiss & J. Lane. *Science* 344, 41-43 (2014).



Comment: Watching the players, not the scoreboard

Julia Lane, Nature, November 2017

National initiatives that track people, rather than papers, will lead to better science...



All Politics is Local... ...Impact is Local Too





IOWA STATE UNIVERSITY

Extension and Outreach

Healthy People. Environments. Economies.



Culture Change Will Not Come Easily

- Policies alone will not be enough
- Practices will have to change
- New incentives will have to be developed
- Top down, bottom up, and middle out
- Funding opportunities can have an impact



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Research policy & strategy

Christian Kobsda

Political Consultant to the President, Leibniz Association, Germany



Research policy & strategy

Kennan Salinero

Executive Director, ReImagine Science, USA





Science | Future

AESIS: Impact of Science 2018

Research & Policy Strategy Session

June 15th 2018

Kennan Kellaris Salinero

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Kennan@reimaginescience.org

Science Policy Recommendations in the USA two key reports have just come out:

THE NEXT GENERATION OF BIOMEDICAL AND BEHAVIORAL SCIENCE RESEARCHERS: BREAKING THROUGH

Committee on the Next Generation Initiative Board on Higher Education and Workforce Policy and Global Affairs

A Consensus Study Report of The National Academies of SCIENCES · ENGINEERING · MEDICINE

> THE NATIONAL ACADEMIES PRESS Washington, DC www.nap.edu

Graduate STEM Education for the 21st Century

Alan Leshner and Layne Scherer, Editors

Committee on Revitalizing Graduate STEM Education for the 21st Century

Board on Higher Education and Workforce

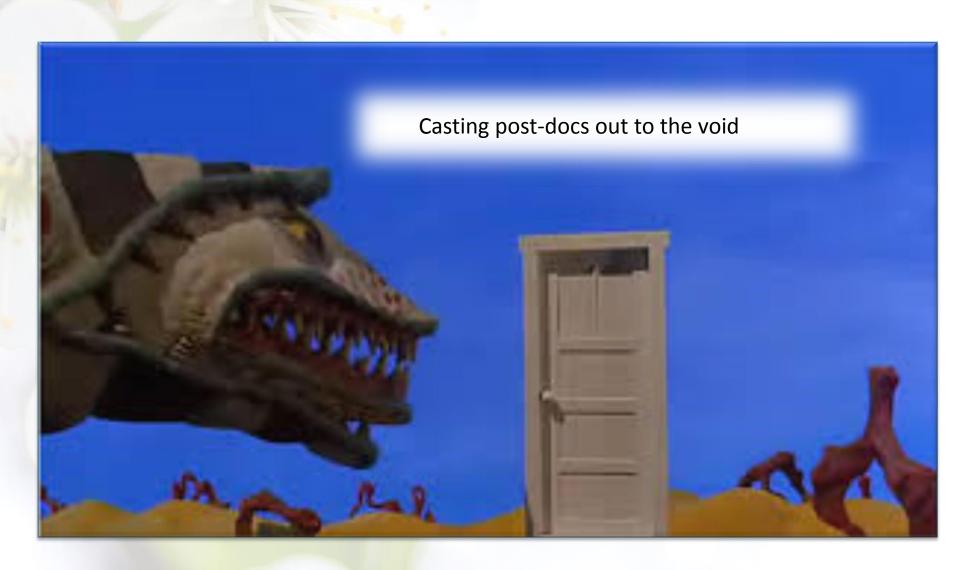
Policy and Global Affairs

A Consensus Study Report of The National Academies of SCIENCES · ENGINEERING · MEDICINE

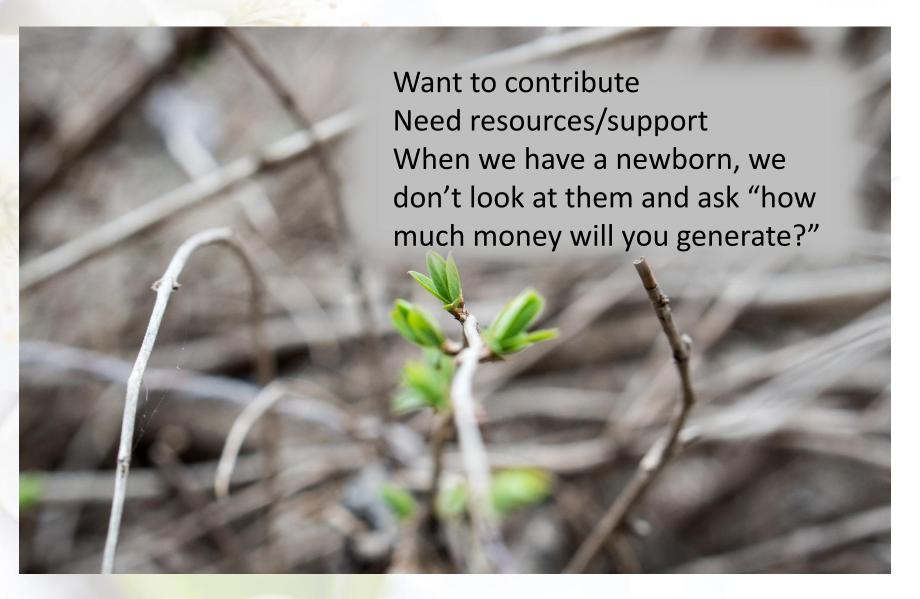
> THE NATIONAL ACADEMES PRESS Washington, DC www.nagwdu



Post-docs and the alternative career landscape

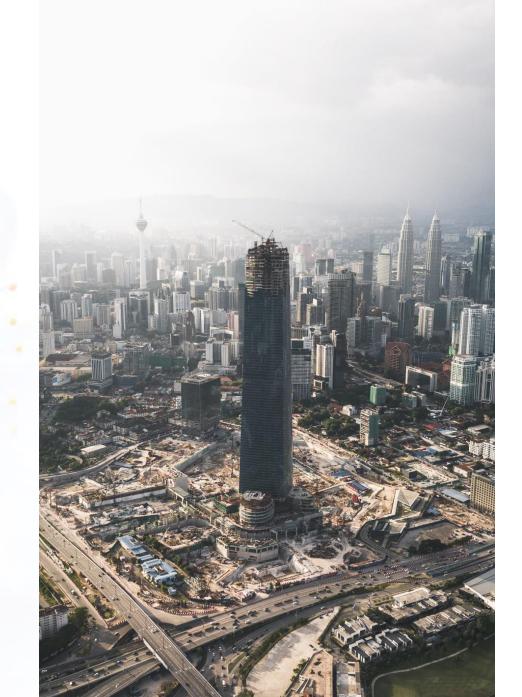


The next generation

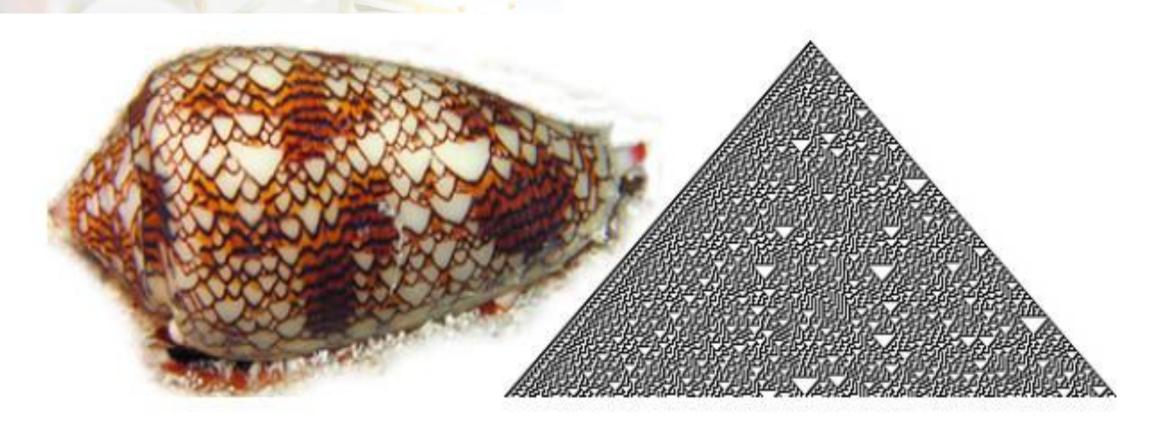


Purpose of Science

First Principles: what is our 'rule set?'
What are we here for?



Nature & Simple Rule Sets



Cone Snail, Photographer: Richard Ling

Cellular Automata Rule 30



SELF-MANAGEMENT
INSTITUTE

Self-organizing — if we can do it for tomatoes ...

We can do it for science

Culture of Science



Policy is from the post-WWII era



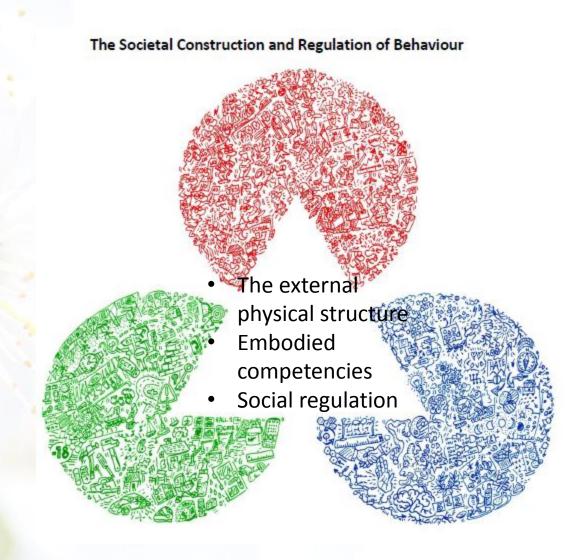
Policy suggestions from Breakthrough report

- Shared oversight, responsibility from all levels/institutions involved
- Transparency and data regarding outcomes
- Don't train only for academic careers
- Experiment

Three components that form behavior & outcome



Saadi Lahlou, Installation Theory





Some of these thoughts written up recently – article available at http://bit.ly/ScienceandlvoryTowers

REIMAGINING SCIENCE

By Kennan Kellaris Salinero

had my big aha moment

about the future of science and the supposed influence of "market forces" during a conversation with a first-year graduate student in molecular and biochemical nutrition at Berkeley. A brighter future for science will not be shaped by market forces or academia, at least not as they are currently organized. Rather, it will be shaped by the human desire for contribution.

Alexandra was disillusioned. She had left a biotech company in Boston where she had been doing research that purportedly furthered modern medicine's contribution to improve the human condition. However, without a PhD she would not be making decisions or driving the direction of research, so she had left her position in Boston to pursue the basic research path that a PhD at Berkeley could provide.

She had come to Berkeley to make a difference for humanity. She had presumed that Berkeley, one of the world's top research institutions, would be the ideal place to study the role of nutrition at the molecular level, within the cellular structures of the human body. What she found instead was a role in looking for drug candidates to chemically

block, modify, or activate those cellular components. Therewas righteous indignation in her voice when we met at a coffee shop near the Berkeley campus: "Can you believe they want me to look for another druggable target for diabetes? Why aren't they looking at why diabetes is increasing so much in the first place?"

Further, she knew full well that a PhD is no longer sufficient, and that she would likely follow her PhD with a lowpaid postdoctoral scholar position. Only then would she be eligible to try for entry into a hypercompetitive job market, currently saturated with five PhDs for every faculty position and 60 percent of recent PhD graduates leaving science

While research at Berkeley seemed focused on developing more, better, newer drugs, Alexandra was decidedly not. Alexandra was driven, instead, by a strong belief in the foundational importance of the foods we eat and the value of understanding as much about this complex human/mutrition interaction as possible. Many young scientists share this willingness to subject themselves to demanding coursework, long hours, and challenges based on altruism rather than

Kennan Kellaris Salinero is the Executive Director of Relmagine Science, a nonprofit based out of Washington, DC. She has held positions in numerous institutions within the basic sciences, including as a faculty member in Georgetown University's Department of Chemistry, at Celera Genomics, University of California, Berkeley, and several national laboratories. Her most recent research position, at Abo Akademi, Turku, Finland, was studying microbial genomics and inheritance patterns.



